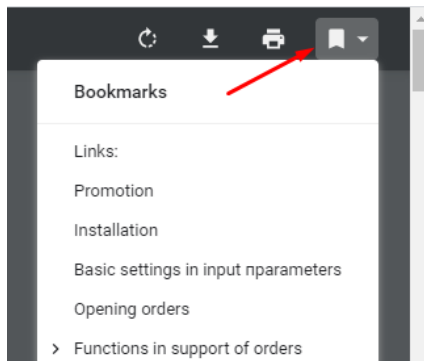


Information material on the Easy Trade Pad trading panel

For easy navigation through the file, expand your bookmarks in the upper-right corner



Links:

1. [Video review](#)
 2. [Buy a panel](#)
 3. [Download the free version](#) (the version only works on EURUSD, trading is allowed on both demo and real accounts)
-

*Perfection is not achieved when there is nothing to add, and then when there is nothing to remove.
Antoine de Saint-Exupery*

The SeniorTrader team has tried to simplify the number of settings and interface of the program as much as possible.

I hope you will appreciate the quality and convenience of this trading panel.

Promotion

Buy 1 EA, leave a review in the market and get the 2nd EA for free!

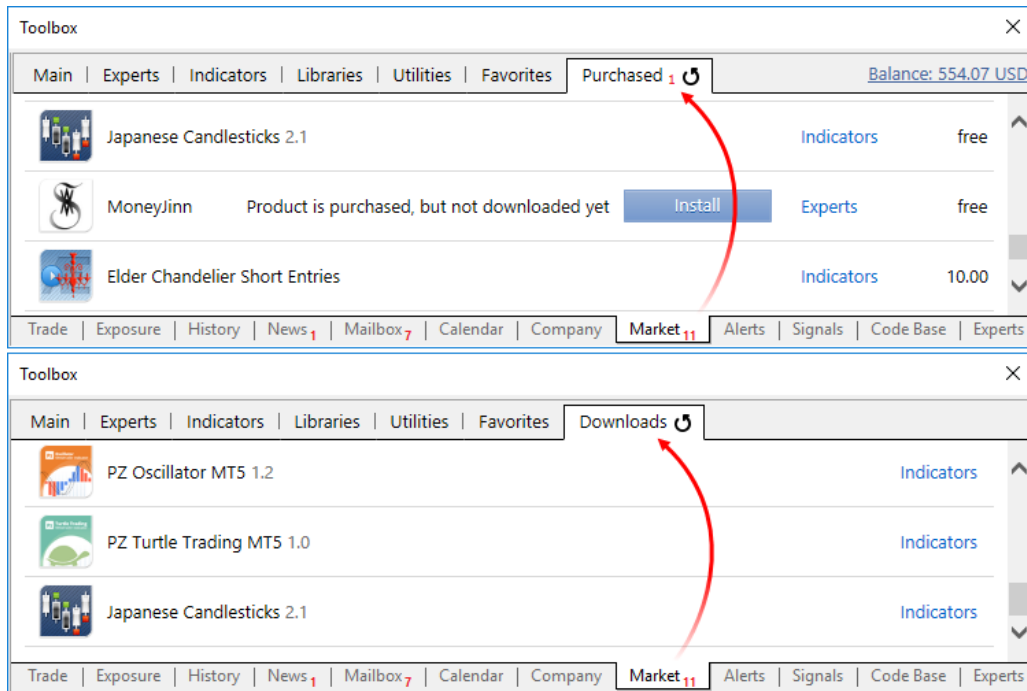
Details:



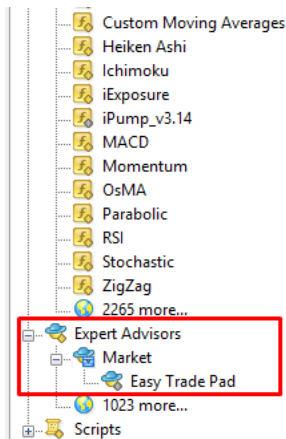
If you like this panel, please leave a review in market mql5, and get a free any of my expert advisors or indicators.

Installation

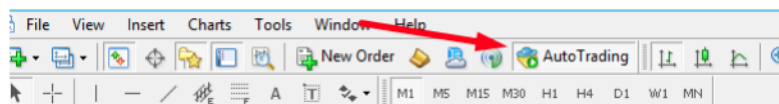
You can buy Easy Trade Pad in market on the mql5.com or directly to the terminal.
After purchase, you can download it in the terminal in the tab Market in section "purchase"



Then you download it and it will appear in Navigator



Turn on the auto trading



Detailed article: <https://www.mql5.com/en/articles/498>

Basic settings in input parameters

Parameter Settings/ basic settings

Magic_Start= order start magic number.

Req_before_open_orders = true/false - if true , an additional window will appear for confirming the opening of orders.

Panel_Size –panel size

Money management

Source data for calculating % function –an option for calculating percentages. From balance/equity/ free margin

Extra Settings/ Additional settings

Order_information = true/false - if true, if there are open orders, information about the current position status will be displayed at the bottom.

Order_information_color – the color for displaying information about the current position state.

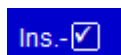
Print_Error= true/false-printing errors in the Experts column

Opening orders

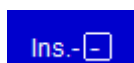
Orders are opened using the following buttons:



1. Buy
2. Sell
3. Pending - opening of pending orders for both buying and selling





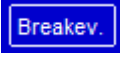

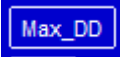
When the Ins. button is pressed, orders are opened instantly, taking into account the choice of the order direction.



When the Ins button is pressed, the parameters of the opened order can be adjusted on the chart.

Functions in support of orders

This Chapter describes the meaning of buttons:

1.  **Av_cl** (*Average Close*)
2.  **Pyr** (*Pyramiding*)
3.  **Breakev.** (*Breakeven*)
4.  **Tral** (*Trailing Stop*)
5.  **Max_DD** (*Maximum Drawdown*)

Averaging



By enabling the averaging key, the position to be opened will be closed at the average price.

Why do most successful traders use averaging in the Forex market?

The point is simple logic... The fact is that the FOREX market is dominated by range, since the Central banks of countries keep their national currencies in a certain price range, which will be beneficial for exports and imports.

If the currency is too expensive, then exports will also be expensive on the international market, and if the national currency is very cheap, then imported goods can be very expensive for the country's economy, respectively.

Thus, national banks of all countries need to maintain a constant balance between exports and imports. The main levers of influence on the value of currency are the regulation of the discount rate parameters, sharp and straight forward statements about their monetary policy, and the purchase or sale of national currency. This is why the range character prevails in currency markets.

However, not all currency pairs can be range-based, and it is necessary to choose those with a corrective movement size of more than 50-60% of the momentum. Otherwise, you can "catch knives" instead of riding the trend wave.

The most interesting pairs for averaging

is EURUSD, EURJPY, USDCAD, AUDUSD, USDJPY, CHFJPY, AUDCHF.

This strategy can also be applied to stocks, but mainly in buy positions, selecting stocks with further growth potential.

Visualization of averaging techniques on a chart



When averaging, we have a Plus parameter in the settings, which is added to the average price and becomes our Take Profit.





Aver Sets

| | |
|-------------|-----|
| Grid Dist = | 450 |
| Step Dist = | 250 |
| Plus = | 150 |
| Equal Lot = | - |

Grid Distance

- distance in points between averaging orders

Step Distance

- Distance in points from the opening price to the first averaging order

Plus

- profit in points for averaging orders

Equal Lot

- use the same lot for all averaging orders

You Inputs can also adjust the following settings in the Inputs parameters:

Average_Coefficient

the averaging coefficient. For example, if the averaging coefficient is = 1.3, the risk of each subsequent averaging order will increase by this amount.

Hand selection price of new averaging level= true/false

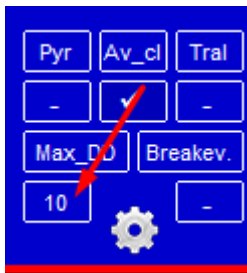
-function allows you to manually select the level of placement of averaging orders, even if you do not select the level where to place an order, the panel itself will calculate and set the order based on the Step Distance and Distance settings.

Distance for notice new level averaging

– the distance for which you will receive a notification and the ability to change the next averaging level where an additional order will be opened.

Close_order_after_M_DD = true/false

- if true, when the maximum drawdown of the specified % is reached, the loss will be closed.



The maximum drawdown parameter is set in this cell as % of the Deposit, and will be shown on the chart using the red line Max_DD_line



If the price goes beyond this line, the opening of averaging orders will stop.

This is done so that you can understand what you are risking and at the right moment either close positions with a loss, or increase the drawdown for this series of orders and continue to average positions.

Pause in hours after exceeding the drawdown

– pause in hours after receiving the Max_DD event

Show_Current_Max_DD_line

– show the price line on the chart where the specified maximum loss will be located.

Maximum number of allowable averaging orders = true/false

if true the averaging grid will be controlled by Max_Orders_in_Series

Maximum number of averaging orders

- maximum number of price averaging knees.

Distance Notice Alert/Notifications for averaging

Averaging_level_Notice_Push/Email/Alert

–push/email/ alert notifications when the averaging level is selected

Article about how to properly average a position <https://seniortrader.ru/usrednenie-pozicii-na-forex-averaging-in-forex/>

Pyramiding



Position pyramiding consists of adding a position based on a trend.

An example of how to build a pyramid with the reduction of each subsequent order.



Pyr Sets

| | |
|-------------|---|
| Num Ord = | 3 |
| Reduc Lot = | ✓ |
| Equal Lot = | - |

Reduce_Lot

Logic of decreasing each subsequent order in the pyramid

If we **have a Reduce_Lot** = true - each subsequent lot opens less on *Reduce_lot_Coef* (this setting is located inside the Inputs parameters).

For example, if Reduce_Lot_Coef=30%, then each subsequent lot after the first one opens 30% less than the volume of the previous one, until the minimum 0.01 lot and then the opening occurs with the minimum volume.

Num_Order

The number of orders to build a pyramid from is selected in the Num_Order setting

Num_order- the order of opening orders is divided by dividing the distance to the take profit for the first open order, orders are opened as the price moves towards the transaction.

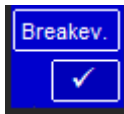
For example, if the take profit of the 1st order = 30 points, **Num_order**=2, then the second order will open after passing the price of 15 points (that is, Num_order will always consider the first initial order, as already participating in the pyramid.)

For example, Num_order=3, TP=60 points, then the second order will open after passing the price of 20 points, 3 order after 40 points, that is, it will always open -1 position as if less.

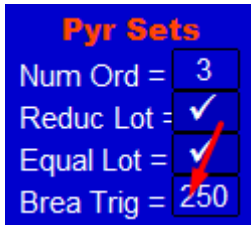
Equal_lot

If this feature is enabled, all orders will be opened with the original lot opened, the very first order.

Break even



The breakeven function allows you to carry the PRICE above the position opening price after the price has covered the distance specified in the Breakeven Trigger.



The breakeven function works very well with pyramiding, since you can transfer SL for the last profitable order that has covered the distance of the Breakeven Trigger.

Breakeven Trigger

The minimum distance that the price must cover in the positive zone before the transaction is transferred to the break even

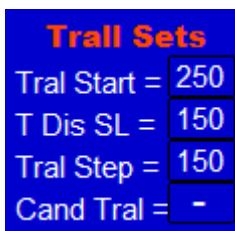
Trailing stop



The function works in two ways:

- point-by-point tracking
- trailing by candle shadows (that is, it moves the SL for the high /low of the previous candle)

To enable a trailing stop by item, just click the Tral button in the settings, making sure that there is no check mark on Candel_Tral .



Tral Start

- distance in the positive zone after which the trailing stop is activated

T Dis SL (Tral distance to SL)

- distance in points from the current price to the stop loss level

Tral Step

- step in points for trailing

Cand Tral

Trailing by candlestick, setting for max./min of the previous candle, transferring SL occurs after closing the current candle TF with a point is selected in the settings in the parameter Cand_Tral_TF.

Settings in the input parameters

Cand_Tral_TF

– the choice of TF for trailing by candlelight

Candel_Tral_activate

–the distance that the price must travel in the profit zone after which the trailing stop on candles is activated

Withandel_Tral_Step

–distance from the candle shadows to the trailing stop.

Cand_Tral_Bars

- the number of candlesticks that will search for the largest high/low price, if it is worth 1, then the high/low of the last closed candle of the selected time frame is taken.

Text version of the video review

Greetings to you, fellow traders!

I would like to present you the trading panel for easy orders opening in MetaTrader - Easy Trade Pad.

With help of this panel, beginners and professional traders can easily open the necessary order in a few clicks.

Top 5 convenient panel functions:

1. Calculating the risk as a percentage and in the account currency
2. Placing market and pending orders with simultaneous risk adjustment right on the chart using the mouse
3. The ability to accompaniment orders, namely:
 - pyramiding
 - averaging
 - break even
 - trailing stop
4. The ability to conveniently save custom settings and quickly switch between them
5. The panel work in the strategy tester to test your own strategies, this will save a lot of time.
By the way, many similar panels do not provide such an option as history testing.

This panel has a free version for online testing.

I suggest that you yourself make sure that this panel is convenient and easy by downloading the free version.

Now let's look at the listed functions of the Easy Trade Pad panel in more detail.

Risk calculation and placing orders

Any opened order can be adjusted depending on :

- Lot
- risk ratio as a percentage of the Deposit
- in the Deposit currency
- in pips

In the left side of the panel, we see the value:



| SL _p | TP _% | R _% |
|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| 150 | 3 | 1 |

Buy Sell

Pending

- R% - risk as a percentage of the deal from the deposit
- TP% - take profit as a percentage of the deposit
- SL_p - calculated size of stop loss in points

All percentage calculations can be adjusted in the global settings in the Money

Management section, the calculation can be made by:

- balance
- equity
- free margin

On the right side of the panel, we can open a deal by setting the starting lot, stop loss and take profit in points



| SL _p | TP _p | L _{ots} |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 200 | 600 | 0.03 |

Buy Sell

Pending

Let's move on to placing orders

We will consider placing orders using several examples:

Example 1

- market order, size SL 250 TP750, lot 0.01

Before placing an order, I will mention the Ins., on button.. / by turning off this button, we can open an order immediately or visually adjust it with the mouse on the chart and then send a request to open it.

Example 2

Pending buy order with a Risk of 1%, TP = 3.5%, SL= 200 points

To do this, we will click the Pending button Pending and select the order placement level.

However, please note that we can completely continue to adjust the Risk, TA size and SL directly on the chart.

In the same way, use the Ins button. pending orders can be opened either immediately or with a preliminary adjustment of the order parameters on the chart.

Save the settings in the set files

Each trader eventually comes to a risk that is comfortable for him, the size of SL and TP, and opens most of the deals with the same parameters.

I noticed this on my own and thus I suppose that saving the settings will be useful for other traders as well.

The function of saving the settings is located in the upper right corner, control is carried out with only two keys and the input field for the name of the set. file.

Let's look at 2 examples of sets:

Example 1

Risk 0.3% (zero dot 3), TP 1.2%, SL 200 pips (two hundred pips)

Enter the name 0.3 for our set file and click save.

Example 2

Suppose for more risky deals we want to open an order with the settings Risk 1%, TP 3%, SL 150 points

Put the values in the required columns and enter the name 1, click save.

Now in our panel we can switch between saved settings using the up / down buttons.

And also, for example, if we open another currency pair, then our settings will also be present on it, which I am sure will be very convenient.

Ability to track orders and check the strategy in the tester

The panel has an order tracking system. Buttons for enabling the averaging / breakeven / pyramiding / trailing stop functions are located in the middle of the panel



Click on the dash zone, when checkboxes appear, we enable / disable these functions

The Max_DD setting is designed to control the total loss for a series of orders with averaging and pyramiding.

Most of the functions have built-in tips that you can read if necessary.

Control of the settings for order tracking parameters is located at the bottom of the panel and is called up by clicking the cogwheel icon.

The settings are signed and divided into three blocks

| Aver Sets | | Pyr Sets | | Trall Sets | |
|-------------|-----|-------------|-----|--------------|-----|
| Grid Dist = | 450 | Num Ord = | 3 | Tral Start = | 250 |
| Step Dist = | 250 | Reduc Lot = | ✓ | T Dis SL = | 150 |
| Plus = | 150 | Equal Lot = | ✓ | Tral Step = | 150 |
| Equal Lot = | - | Brea Trig = | 250 | Cand Tral = | - |

Chang Current Orders

| | | | |
|---------|-----|--------|-------|
| Magic = | 777 | CHANGE | CLOSE |
|---------|-----|--------|-------|

The Average Sets Column

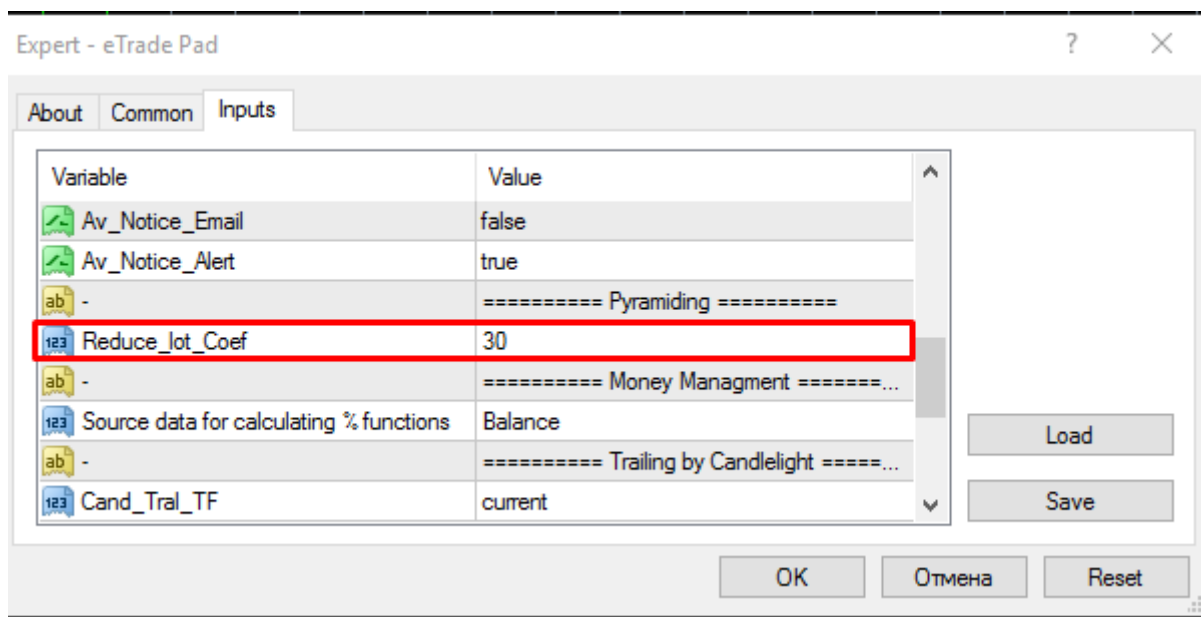
1. Distance - select the distance between orders
2. Step Dist - distance to the first averaging order
3. Plus parameter - serves as profit in points for averaging orders
4. Equal Lot parameter - can be activated if you want to open all averaging orders with one lot, the lot size will be equal to the first order in the series.

Pyramid Sets Column

This column contains parameters for controlling the pyramiding of positions.

1. parameter **Num. Order** is the number of orders involved in building the pyramid
2. **Reduc Lot** this function will reduce the lot of each subsequent order in the pyramid.

The% reduction is controlled in the global settings.



This setting is necessary to build the correct pyramid. An example is shown in this image.



3. The **Equal Lot** function opens all pyramiding orders with a volume equal to the first order.
4. The **Break Trig** setting is the distance after which the trade will be transferred to breakeven.

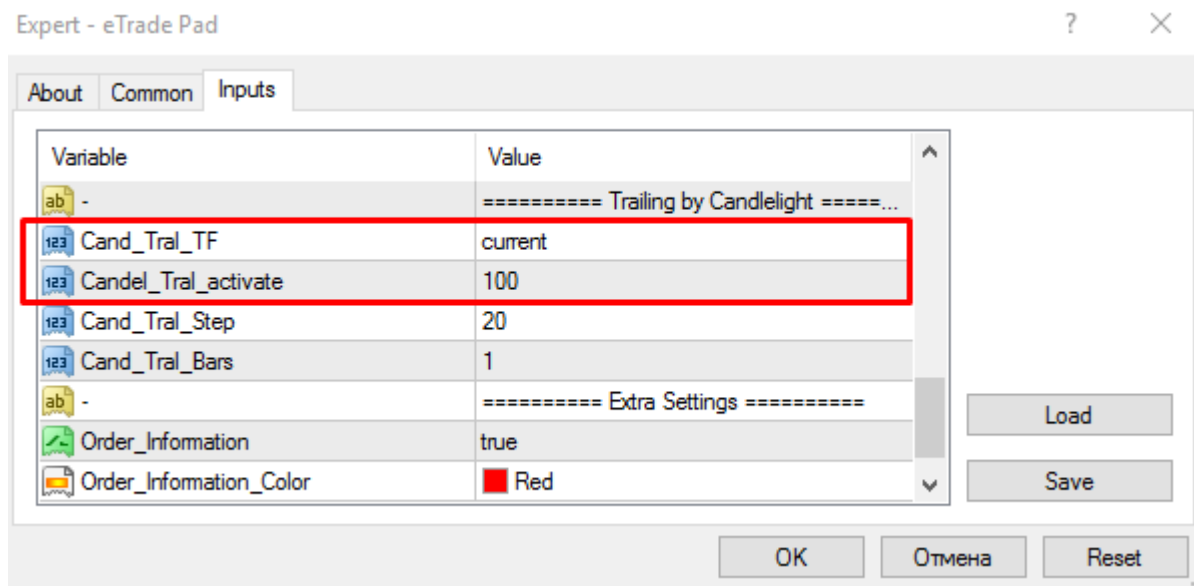
Column is Tral Set

The first three settings Start / Distance / Step are the basic settings for the trailing stop.

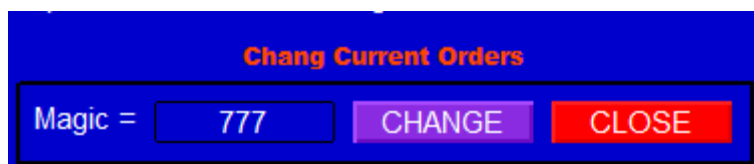
The fourth Cand Tral setting is trailing candle shadows. This setting also has an activation parameter and

The Candel_Tral_Activate setting is located in the global settings. In practice, this is the number of points that the price must overcome after which trailing by candlestick shadows will start.

The TF of the candle trailing is selected in the Cand_Tral_TF setting.



Change Current Orders Function



Each order has its own unique magic number. When opening an order, in the Magic column we see with what magic we open an order.

In the future, we will be able to enable / disable - pyramiding / averaging / trailing / breakeven, as well as change the settings of these functions, namely, averaging step, trailing size, breakeven trigger for open orders.

Sequencing

1 First - we change the settings of the parameters on the panel, 2 the second - we press the Change button, having previously indicated the Magic number of the order whose parameters we want to change.

Using the Close button, we can close any order or series that we have selected, by also specifying the Magic number of the order that we want to close.

When opening orders, in the lower left corner we will see the financial state of positions, which will also be convenient for trading control.

Complete list of input parameters

Parameter Settings/ basic settings

Magic_Start= starting magic number.

Req_before_open_orders = true/false - if true, an additional window will appear for confirming the opening of orders.

Panel_Size –panel size

Averaging/ Averaging

Average_Coefficient= coefficient of averaging

Hand selection price of new averaging level = true/false-the function allows you to manually select the level of placement of averaging orders. even if you do not select the level where to place an order, the robot will calculate and set the order itself based on the Step Distance and Distance settings.

Distance for notice new level averaging – the distance for which you will receive a notification and the ability to change the next averaging level where an additional order will be opened.

Close_order_after_M_DD = true/false if true, when the maximum drawdown of the specified % is reached , the loss will be closed.

Pause in hours after exceeding the drawdown – pause in hours after receiving the mac event drawdowns

Show_Current_Max_DD_line- show the price line on the chart where the specified maximum loss will be located.

Maximum number of allowed averaging orders = true/false if true, the averaging grid will be controlled by Max_Orders_in_Series

Maximum number of averaging orders - the maximum number of price averaging knees.

Distance Notice Alert/Notifications for averaging

Averaging_level_Notice_Push/ Email/ Email –push notifications when you can select the averaging level

Pyramiding/ Pyramiding

Reduce_lot_Coef- percentage coefficient of reduction of each subsequent lot during position pyramiding.

Money management

Source data for calculating % function- an option for calculating percentages. From balance/equity/free margin

Trailing by Candlelight/Thrall by candlelight

Cand_Tral_TF-selecting TF for candle trailing

Candel_Tral_activate –the distance that the price must pass in the profit zone after which the trailing stop on candles is activated

Withandel_Tral_Step –the distance from the candle shadows to the trailing stop.

Cand_Tral_Bars - the number of candles that will search for the largest high/low price, if it costs 1, then the high/low of the last closed candle of the selected time frame is taken.

Extra Settings/ Additional settings

Order_information = true/false - if true if there are open orders, information about the current position status will be displayed at the bottom.

Order_information_color – the color for displaying information about the current position state.

Print_Error= true/false- printing errors in the Experts column

Ending

This panel has been tested by me personally, it has very good results with skillful handling.

Be sure to download and try to trade with panel on the strategy tester and online.

I wish you a successful trading!



If you still have any questions regarding the advisor, you can contact me at these [contacts](#).